

Contents

1. Description

- 1.1 Principle of MACS[®] Separation
- 1.2 Background information
- 1.3 Applications
- 1.4 Reagent and instrument requirements
- 2. Protocol
 - 2.1 Sample preparation
 - 2.2 Magnetic labeling
 - 2.3 Magnetic separation
- 3. Example of a separation using Pan T Cell MicroBeads
- 4. References

1. Description

Components	2 mL Pan T Cell MicroBeads, rat: MicroBeads conjugated to monoclonal mouse anti-rat Pan T Cell antibodies (isotype: mouse IgG2a, κ ; clone: OX-52).	
Size	For 10^9 total cells, up to 100 separations.	
Product format	Pan T Cell MicroBeads are supplied in buffer containing stabilizer and 0.05% sodium azide.	
Storage	Store protected from light at 2–8 °C. Do not freeze. The expiration date is indicated on the vial label.	

1.1 Principle of MACS[®] Separation

First, the cells are magnetically labeled with Pan T Cell MicroBeads. Then, the cell suspension is loaded onto a MACS[®] Column, which is placed in the magnetic field of a MACS Separator. The magnetically labeled cells are retained within the column. The unlabeled cells run through; this cell fraction is thus depleted of labeled cells. After removing the column from the magnetic field, the magnetically retained cells can be eluted as the positively selected cell fraction.

1.2 Background information

Pan T Cell MicroBeads have been developed for the positive selection or depletion of rat T cells from blood, lymphoid organs,¹ and cell suspensions of non-lymphoid tissues²⁻⁴, such as lung or ovary. The surface antigen recognized by the MicroBeads is expressed in a lineage-specific manner on thymocytes and T cells. T cells expressing T cell receptor (TCR) α/β as well as TCRy/ δ are recognized.^{5,6} The OX52 antigen is expressed by approximately 1% of bone marrow cells, 99% of thymocytes, 60% of leukocytes in thoracic duct, 60% of lymph node cells, and 30% of splenocytes. The antigen is also weakly expressed on NK cells, which can be distinguished from T cells due to their lack of CD3 or CD5 expression.⁶

Pan T Cell MicroBeads rat

Order No. 130-090-320

1.3 Applications

- Positive selection or depletion of T cells for
 - *in vitro* and *in vivo* studies on T cell migration and differentiation in the context of autoimmune disease or alloreactivity
 - use in adoptive transfer experiments to study autoimmunity or induction of tolerance after xenogeneic thymus transplantation.⁷

1.4 Reagent and instrument requirements

Buffer: Prepare a solution containing phosphate-buffered saline (PBS), pH 7.2, 0.5% bovine serum albumin (BSA), and 2 mM EDTA by diluting MACS BSA Stock Solution (#130-091-376) 1:20 with autoMACS* Rinsing Solution (#130-091-222). Keep buffer cold (2–8 °C). Degas buffer before use, as air bubbles could block the column.

▲ Note: EDTA can be replaced by other supplements such as anticoagulant citrate dextrose formula-A (ACD-A) or citrate phosphate dextrose (CPD). BSA can be replaced by other proteins such as rat serum albumin, rat serum, or fetal bovine serum (FBS). Buffers or media containing Ca²⁺ or Mg²⁺ are not recommended for use.

MACS Columns and MACS Separators: Cells positive for the Pan T marker can be enriched by using MS, LS or XS Columns (positive selection). Pan T Cell MicroBeads can be used for depletion of labeled cells on LD, CS or D Columns. Positive selection or depletion can also be performed by using the autoMACS Pro or the autoMACS Separator.

Column	Max. number of labeled cells	Max. number of total cells	Separator	
Positive selection				
MS	10 ⁷	2×10 ⁸	MiniMACS, OctoMACS, VarioMACS, SuperMACS II	
LS	10 ⁸	2×10 ⁹	MidiMACS, QuadroMACS, VarioMACS, SuperMACS II	
XS	10 ⁹	2×10 ¹⁰	SuperMACS II	
Depletion				
LD	10 ⁸	5×10 ⁸	MidiMACS, QuadroMACS, VarioMACS, SuperMACS II	
CS	2×10 ⁸		VarioMACS, SuperMACS II	
D	10 ⁹		SuperMACS II	
Positive selection or depletion				
autoMACS	2×10 ⁸	4×10 ⁹	autoMACS Pro, autoMACS	

▲ Note: Column adapters are required to insert certain columns into the VarioMACS[™] or SuperMACS[™] II Separators. For details refer to the respective MACS Separator data sheet.

- (Optional) Fluorochrome-conjugated T cell antibody for flowcytometric analysis, e.g. Pan T cell-PE, clone OX-52 or CD3-PE, clone G4.18 (BD Biosciences, San José, CA).
- (Optional) Propidium Iodide Solution (# 130-093-233) or 7-AAD for flow cytometric exclusion of dead cells.

• (Optional) Pre-Separation Filters, 30 μm (# 130-041-407) to remove cell clumps.

2. Protocol

2.1 Sample preparation

When working with lymphoid organs, non-lymphoid tissues, or peripheral blood, prepare a single-cell suspension using manual methods or the gentleMACSTM Dissociator.

For details refer to the protocols section at www.miltenyibiotec.com/ protocols.

▲ Dead cells may bind non-specifically to MACS MicroBeads. To remove dead cells, we recommend using density gradient centrifugation or the Dead Cell Removal Kit (# 130-090-101).



2.2 Magnetic labeling

▲ Work fast, keep cells cold, and use pre-cooled solutions. This will prevent capping of antibodies on the cell surface and non-specific cell labeling.

▲ Volumes for magnetic labeling given below are for up to 10^7 total cells. When working with fewer than 10^7 cells, use the same volumes as indicated. When working with higher cell numbers, scale up all reagent volumes and total volumes accordingly (e.g. for 2×10^7 total cells, use twice the volume of all indicated reagent volumes and total volumes).

▲ For optimal performance it is important to obtain a single-cell suspension before magnetic labeling. Pass cells through 30 μ m nylon mesh (Pre-Separation Filters, 30 μ m # 130-041-407) to remove cell clumps which may clog the column. Moisten filter with buffer before use.

▲ The recommended incubation temperature is 2–8 °C. Higher temperatures and/or longer incubation times may lead to non-specific cell labeling. Working on ice may require increased incubation times.

- 1. Determine cell number.
- 2. Centrifuge cell suspension at 300×g for 10 minutes. Aspirate supernatant completely.
- 3. Resuspend cell pellet in 80 μ L of buffer per 10⁷ total cells.
- 4. Add 20 μ L of Pan T Cell MicroBeads per 10⁷ total cells.
- 5. Mix well and incubate for 15 minutes in the refrigerator (2–8 °C).
- 6. (Optional) Add staining antibodies according to manufacturer's recommendation and incubate for 5 minutes in the dark in the refrigerator (2–8 °C).
- 7. Wash cells by adding 1-2 mL of buffer per 10^7 cells and centrifuge at $300 \times g$ for 10 minutes. Aspirate supernatant completely.
- Resuspend up to 10⁸ cells in 500 µL of buffer.
 ▲ Note: For higher cell numbers, scale up buffer volume accordingly.
 ▲ Note: For depletion with LD Columns, resuspend up to 1.25×10⁸ cells in 500 µL of buffer.
- 9. Proceed to magnetic separation (2.3).



2.3 Magnetic separation

▲ Choose an appropriate MACS Column and MACS Separator according to the number of total cells and the number of labeled cells. For details refer to the table in section 1.4.

▲ Always wait until the column reservoir is empty before proceeding to the next step.

Magnetic separation with MS or LS Columns

- 1. Place column in the magnetic field of a suitable MACS Separator. For details refer to the respective MACS Column data sheet.
- 2. Prepare column by rinsing with the appropriate amount of buffer:

MS: 500 μL LS: 3 mL

- 3. Apply cell suspension onto the column. Collect flow-through containing unlabeled cells.
- 4. Wash column with the appropriate amount of buffer. Collect unlabeled cells that pass through and combine with the flow-through from step 3.

MS: 3×500 μL LS: 3×3 mL

▲ Note: Perform washing steps by adding buffer aliquots only when the column reservoir is empty.

- 5. Remove column from the separator and place it on a suitable collection tube.
- 6. Pipette the appropriate amount of buffer onto the column. Immediately flush out the magnetically labeled cells by firmly pushing the plunger into the column.
 - MS: 1 mL LS: 5 mL
- (Optional) To increase the purity of labeled cells, the eluted fraction can be enriched over a second MS or LS Column. Repeat the magnetic separation procedure as described in steps 1 to 6 by using a new column.

Magnetic separation with XS Columns

For instructions on the column assembly and the separation refer to the XS Column data sheet.

Depletion with LD Columns

- 1. Place LD Column in the magnetic field of a suitable MACS Separator. For details refer to the LD Column data sheet.
- 2. Prepare column by rinsing with 2 mL of buffer.
- 3. Apply cell suspension onto the column.
- 4. Collect unlabeled cells that pass through and wash column with 2×1 mL of buffer. Collect total flow-through; this is the unlabeled cell fraction. Perform washing steps by adding buffer two times. Only add new buffer when the column reservoir is empty.

Depletion with CS Columns

- 1. Assemble CS Column and place it in the magnetic field of a suitable MACS Separator. For details refer to the CS Column data sheet.
- 2. Prepare column by filling and rinsing with 60 mL of buffer.

Attach a 22G flow resistor to the 3-way stopcock of the assembled column. For details refer to the CS Column data sheet.

- 3. Apply cell suspension onto the column.
- 4. Collect unlabeled cells that pass through and wash column with 30 mL buffer from the top. Collect total flow-through; this is the unlabeled cell fraction.

Depletion with D Columns

For instructions on column assembly and separation refer to the D Column data sheet.

Magnetic separation with the autoMACS* Pro Separator or the autoMACS* Separator

▲ Refer to the respective user manual for instructions on how to use the autoMACS[®] Pro Separator or the autoMACS Separator.

▲ Buffers used for operating the autoMACS Pro Separator or the autoMACS Separator should have a temperature of ≥ 10 °C.

▲ Program choice depends on the isolation strategy, the strength of magnetic labeling, and the frequency of magnetically labeled cells. For details refer to the section describing the cell separation programs in the respective user manual.

Magnetic separation with the autoMACS® Pro Separator

- 1. Prepare and prime the instrument.
- 2. Apply tube containing the sample and provide tubes for collecting the labeled and unlabeled cell fractions. Place sample tube in row A of the tube rack and the fraction collection tubes in rows B and C.
- 3. For a standard separation choose one of the following programs:

Positive selection: Possel

Collect positive fraction in row C of the tube rack.

Depletion: Depletes

Collect negative fraction in row B of the tube rack.

Magnetic separation with the autoMACS® Separator

- 1. Prepare and prime the instrument.
- 2. Apply tube containing the sample and provide tubes for collecting the labeled and unlabeled cell fractions. Place sample tube at the uptake port and the fraction collection tubes at port neg1 and port pos 1.
- 3. For a standard separation choose one of the following programs:

Positive selection: Possel

Collect positive fraction from outlet port pos1.

Depletion: Depletes

Collect negative fraction from outlet port neg1.

3. Example of a separation using Pan T Cell MicroBeads

Positive selection of T cells from rat spleen using Pan T Cell MicroBeads, a MidiMACS[™] Separator and an LS Column. Cells are stained with Pan T Cell-FITC. The dot plots show staining of gated live leukocytes.



Anti-T Cell (OX52)-FITC

4. References

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Refer to **www.miltenyibiotec.com** for all data sheets and protocols. Miltenyi Biotec provides technical support worldwide. Visit www.miltenyibiotec.com/local to find your nearest Miltenyi Biotec contact.

Warnings

Reagents contain sodium azide. Under acidic conditions sodium azide yields hydrazoic acid, which is extremely toxic. Azide compounds should be diluted with running water before discarding. These precautions are recommended to avoid deposits in plumbing where explosive conditions may develop.

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