

MACSPlex EV Kit Neuro

human

For up to 24 tests For up to 96 tests Order no. 130-133-428 Order no. 130-133-425



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1. Description

This product is for research use only.

Components

For up to 24 tests:

- 0.4 mL MACSPlex EV Neuro Capture Beads, human
- 140 μL EV Neuro Detection Reagent CD9, human
- 140 µL EV Neuro Detection Reagent CD63, human
- 140 µL EV Neuro Detection Reagent CD81, human
- 100 mL MACSPlex Buffer
- 1.5 mL MACSPlex EV Neuro Setup Beads

For up to 96 tests:

- 1.5 mL MACSPlex EV Neuro Capture Beads, human
- 0.5 mL EV Neuro Detection Reagent CD9, human
- 0.5 mL EV Neuro Detection Reagent CD63, human
- 0.5 mL EV Neuro Detection Reagent CD81, human
- 2×100 mL MACSPlex Buffer
- 1.5 mL MACSPlex EV Neuro Setup Beads
- ▲ Do not substitute or mix kit components with those from other kits or lots.
- ▲ EV Neuro Detection Reagents CD9, CD63, and CD81 can be combined to create a detection cocktail.

Size Up to 24 tests or up to 96 tests

- Product formatMACSPlex EV Neuro Capture Beads and MACSPlex
EV Neuro Setup Beads are supplied in buffer containing
stabilizer and 0.05% sodium azide. MACSPlex Buffer
contains stabilizer and 0.09% sodium azide.
- StorageStore MACSPlex EV Neuro Capture Beads, EV Neuro
Detection Reagents, and MACSPlex EV Neuro Setup
Beads protected from light at +2 to +8 °C. Do not
freeze. Store MACSPlex Buffer at room temperature.
The expiration dates are indicated on the vial labels.

1.1 Principle of MACSPlex EV Kits

The MACSPlex EV Kits allow detection of 37 extracellular vesicle (EV) surface epitopes plus two isotype controls. MACSPlex EV Kits comprise a cocktail of various fluorescently labeled bead populations, each coated with a specific antibody binding the respective surface epitope.

The 39 bead populations can be distinguished by different fluorescence intensities detected in the FITC and PE channel of flow cytometers (B1 and B2 channel of MACSQuant Analyzers).

EVs, like exosomes, are incubated with the antibody-coated MACSPlex EV Capture Beads. Subsequently or in parallel, EVs bound to the MACSPlex EV Capture Beads are labeled with EV Detection Reagents. EV Detection Reagents can also be combined to create a cocktail comprising of EV Detection Reagent for CD9, CD63, and CD81. Consequently, sandwich complexes are formed between the MACSPlex EV Capture Bead, EV, and the detection reagent (figure 1). These complexes can be analyzed based on the fluorescence characteristics of both the MACSPlex EV Capture Bead and the detection reagent. Positive signals indicate the presence of the respective surface epitope within the EV population (figure 2).

It is also possible to compare different EV samples using the MACSPlex EV Kit allowing semi-quantitative analysis of differential surface epitopes.

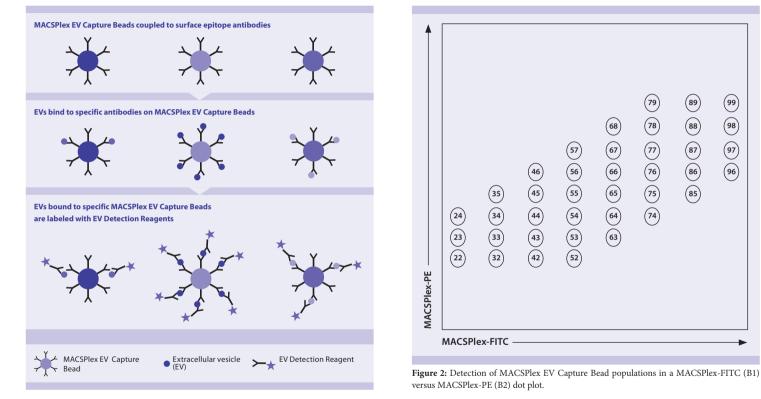


Figure 1: Principle of MACSPlex EV Kits.

1.2 MACSPlex EV Kit Neuro

The protocol of the MACSPlex EV Kit Neuro can be performed in tubes. In most instances, an one hour incubation time is sufficient to bind and stain EVs on the MACSPlex EV Neuro Capture Beads. For samples comprising low amounts of EVs like supernatants of some cell types, it is recommended to prolong the incubation time to overnight to increase sensitivity.

- ▲ For the overnight protocols, staining is performed after the initial EV binding to the MACSPlex EV Neuro Capture Beads.
- ▲ A negative control using only buffer is strongly recommended to determine non-specific signals. The negative control is subtracted from the sample signals to correct potential non-specific signals.
- ▲ It is recommended to use a cocktail of the three EV Neuro Detection Reagents CD9, CD63, and CD81 for a broad EV staining. For each experiment, a master mix can be set up using 5 µL of each EV Neuro Detection Reagent for each reaction, i.e., 15 µL EV Neuro Detection Reagent cocktail per well.
 - ▲ Note: Storage of master mixes is not recommended.
- ▲ To detect other surface proteins on the EV samples, APC-conjugated antibodies can be used instead of the EV Neuro Detection Reagent. Titrate the optimal amount of detection antibody. It is recommended to use 5 μ L with a concentration of 0.1 μ g/ μ L or 0.5 μ g APC-conjugated antibody per reaction.

1.3 Applications

The MACSPlex EV Kit Neuro has been developed for the simultaneous flow cytometric detection of 37 surface epitopes that are known to be present on different EVs plus two isotype control beads (table 1).

1.4 Reagent and instrument requirements

• MACSQuant X (# 130-105-100), MACSQuant Analyzer 10 (# 130-096-343), MACSQuant Analyzer 16 (# 130-109-803), or other flow cytometer equipped with blue (488 nm) and red (640 nm) lasers able to discriminate FITC, PE, and APC fluorescence.

▲ Note: The MACSQuant VYB cannot be used.

- MACS* Chill 96 Rack (# 130-094-459) when using MACSQuant Analyzer 10 or MACSQuant Analyzer 16.
- MACSQuant Calibration Beads (# 130-093-607) when using MACSQuant X, MACSQuant Analyzer 10, or MACSQuant Analyzer 16.
- Disposable pipette tips.
- (Optional) EV Isolation Kit CD9, human (# 130-110-913), EV Isolation Kit CD63, human (# 130-110-918) or EV Isolation Kit CD81, human (# 130-110-914) for EV pre-enrichment from plasma without ultracentrifugation. Please note that the EV Isolation Kit Pan, human is not compatible with the MACSPlex EV Kit Neuro, human.

Tube format

- MACSmix[™] Tube Rotator (# 130-090-753) or an orbital shaker for tubes (450 rpm)
- Polypropylene or polystyrene reagent tubes
- 96-well round bottom plate

No.	Antibody	lsotype
22	ErbB-2 (CD340)	mouse lgG1ĸ
23	CD49a	recombinant human lgG1
24	CD140a	recombinant human IgG1
32	CD171	recombinant human IgG1
33	CD56	recombinant human lgG1
34	CD13	recombinant human IgG1
35	CD31	recombinant human lgG1
42	CD222 (IGF2R)	recombinant human IgG1
43	CD11b	rat lgG2bк
44	CD24	recombinant human IgG1
45	CD45	recombinant human lgG1
46	CD133/1	recombinant human IgG1
52	04	mouse IgM
53	GLAST (ACSA-1)	mouse lgG2ак
54	CD90	recombinant human lgG1
55	CX3CR1	recombinant human IgG1
56	EGFR	recombinant human IgG1
57	Podoplanin	recombinant human IgG1
63	A2B5	mouse IgMĸ
64	CD29	recombinant human IgG1

No	Antibody	lsotype
65	CSPG4	rat lgG1
66	CD9	mouse IgG1ĸ
67	CD63	mouse IgG1ĸ
68	CD81	recombinant human lgG1
74	CD47	recombinant human lgG1
75	PSA-NCAM	mouse IgM
76	CD44	mouse IgG1ĸ
77	CD38	recombinant human lgG1
78	CD49f	recombinant human lgG1
79	CD106	recombinant human lgG1
85	CD49e	recombinant human IgG1
86	CD54	recombinant human IgG1
87	CD36	recombinant human lgG1
88	CD107a	mouse IgG1ĸ
89	CD68	recombinant human IgG1 fragment
96	VGLUT2	recombinant human lgG1
97	REA control	recombinant human lgG1
98	Ganglioside GD2	recombinant human IgG1 fragment
99	mlgG1 control	mouse lgG1

- Protocols for assay performance 2.
- Avoid air bubbles.

- Protocol overviews 2.1
- 2.1.1 Short protocol for 1.5 mL reagent tubes

Vortex MACSPlex EV Neuro Capture	Add 500 µL of MACSPlex Buffer
Beads Mix 15 µL MACSPlex EV Neuro Capture	Incubate samples 15 min
Beads with 120 µL EVs or cell culture supernatant	Centrifuge 3000×g 5 min
Add 5 μL of an EV Neuro Detection Reagent (or add 15 μL of EV Neuro Detection Reagent cocktail)	Remove 500 µL supernatant
Fill samples in tubes	Acquire data using the MACSQuantify™ Software
Incubate samples 1 hour	
Add 500 µL of MACSPlex Buffer	
<mark>Centrifuge 3000×g</mark> 5 min	
Remove 500 µL supernatant	

Figure 3: Experimental overview for the short protocol tube.

Table 1: Overview of surface marker antibodies used for the MACSPlex EV Kit Neuro, human.

2.1.2 Overnight protocol for 1.5 mL reagent tubes

Vortex MACSPlex EV Neuro Capture Beads	Centrifuge 3000×g 5 min
Mix 15 µL MACSPlex EV Neuro Capture	Remove 500 µL supernatant
Beads with 120 µL EVs or cell culture supernatant	Add 500 µL of MACSPlex Buffer
Fill samples in tubes	Incubate samples 15 min
Incubate samples overnight	Centrifuge 3000×g 5 min
Add 500 µL of MACSPlex Buffer	Remove 500 µL supernatant
Centrifuge 3000×g 5 min	Acquire data using the MACSQuantify™ Software
Remove 500 µL supernatant	
Add 5 μL of EV Neuro Detection Reagent (or add 15 μL of EV Neuro Detection Reagent cocktail)	
Incubate samples 1 hour	
Add 500 µL of MACSPlex Buffer	

Figure 4: Experimental overview for the overnight protocol tube.

Sample preparation 2.2

The protocol of the MACSPlex EV Kit Neuro can be performed on precleared cell culture supernatant, ascites, or urine directly. For plasma, serum, or cell culture supernatant of cells scarcely secreting EVs, it is recommended to isolate EVs beforehand as described below.

▲ Other methods for EV concentration or isolation like precipitation methods, density gradients, or immunoaffinity purification can also be used.

2.2.1 Pre-clearing cell culture supernatant

- Incubate the cells of interest in serum-free medium for 12–72 hours 1. depending on the cell line. Adjust the incubation conditions to an apoptosis rate of less than 5%.
- Remove cells, cell debris, and larger vesicles by serial centrifugations 2. at 300×g for 10 minutes, 2,000×g for 30 minutes, and 10,000×g for 45 minutes.
- 3. Filter the supernatant through a 0.22 µm membrane.

2.2.2 EV isolation using MicroBeads

▲ The isolation does not require ultracentrifugation.

For pre-enrichment of EVs from plasma it is recommended to use the EV Isolation Kit CD63, human (# 130-110-918). For details refer to the data sheet.

Optionally, the EV Isolation Kit CD9, human (# 130-110-913) or the EV Isolation Kit CD81, human (# 130-110-914) can be used. Note that the EV Isolation Kit Pan, human is not compatible with the MACSPlex EV Kit Neuro, human.

2.2.3 EV isolation from cell culture supernatant

- 1. Isolate EVs by ultracentrifugation of the pre-cleared supernatant (refer to 2.1.1) at 100,000×g for 2 hours. Resuspend and pool the pellets in a volume of PBS equivalent to supernatant volume and repeat the ultracentrifugation step.
- 2. Resuspend the EV pellet in 1/2000 of the original supernatant volume of PBS and determine the EV concentration indirectly by quantifying the protein concentration.
- 3. Store the EVs at -20 °C or -80 °C.

2.2.4 EV isolation from plasma

- 1. Collect blood into EDTA or citrate tubes.
- 2. Separate plasma by centrifugation at 1,000×g for 10 minutes.
- 3. Dilute plasma with an equal volume of PBS.
- 4. Remove cells and cellular debris by serial centrifugations at 2,000×g for 30 minutes and 10,000×g for 45 minutes.
- 5. Isolate the EVs by ultracentrifugation of the supernatant at 100,000×g for 2 hours. Resuspend and pool the pellets in PBS equal to plasma volume of step 3.
- 6. Filter the resuspended pellet through a 0.22 μm membrane.
- 7. Repeat the ultracentrifugation step and resuspend the EV pellet in 1/250 to 1/500 of the initial volume of PBS. Determine the EV concentration indirectly by quantifying the protein concentration.
- 8. Store the EVs at -20 °C or -80 °C.

2.3 Protocols

▲ EV Neuro Detection Reagents CD9, CD63, and CD81 can be combined to create a detection cocktail.

2.3.1 Short protocol for the assay using 1.5 mL tubes

- ▲ Be sure to determine the EV concentration indirectly by quantifying the protein concentration.
- 1. Label reagent tubes for the blank control and samples.

- 2. Add to each 1.5 mL tube either
 - 120 μL of buffer (blank control) or
 - 120 μ L of pre-cleared cell culture supernatant or
 - 120 μL eluate from EVs isolated with MicroBeads or
 - isolated EVs (4–20 μg protein) from each sample diluted to 120 μL using MACSPlex Buffer.
- 3. Resuspend MACSPlex EV Neuro Capture Beads by vortexing for at least 30 seconds and transfer 15 μL of MACSPlex EV Neuro Capture Beads to each tube.
- 5. Incubate tubes for 1 hour at room temperature protected from light using a MACSmix Tube Rotator on permanent run (12 rpm) or an orbital shaker (450 rpm).
- $6. \qquad Add \ 500 \ \mu L \ of \ MACSPlex \ Buffer \ to \ each \ tube.$
- 7. Centrifuge at room temperature at 3000×g for 5 minutes.
- 8. Aspirate 500 μL of the supernatant carefully, leaving about 150 μL in the tube.
- 9. Add 500 μL of MACSPlex Buffer to each tube.
- 10. Incubate tubes for 15 minutes at room temperature protected from light using a MACSmix Tube Rotator on permanent run (12 rpm) or an orbital shaker (450 rpm).
- 11. Centrifuge at room temperature at 3000×g for 5 minutes.
- 12. Carefully aspirate 500 μL of the supernatant, leaving about 150 μL in the tube.

- 13. Resuspend sample by pipetting up and down.
- 14. Transfer the samples to a 96-well round bottom plate.

2.3.2 Overnight protocol for the assay using 1.5 mL tubes

- ▲ Be sure to determine the EV concentration indirectly by quantifying the protein concentration.
- 1. Label reagent tubes for the blank control and samples.
- 2. Add to each 1.5 mL tube either
 - 120 μL of buffer (blank control) or
 - 120 μL of pre-cleared cell culture supernatant or
 - $\,$ 120 μL eluate from EVs isolated with MicroBeads or
 - isolated EVs (4–20 μg protein) from each sample diluted to 120 μL using the MACSPlex Buffer.
- 3. Resuspend MACSPlex EV Neuro Capture Beads by vortexing for at least 30 seconds and transfer 15 μL of MACSPlex EV Neuro Capture Beads to each tube.
- 4. Incubate tubes overnight at room temperature protected from light using a MACSmix Tube Rotator on permanent run (12 rpm) or an orbital shaker (450 rpm).
- 5. Add 500 μL of MACSPlex Buffer to each tube.
- 6. Centrifuge at room temperature at 3000×g for 5 minutes.
- 7. Carefully aspirate 500 μL of the supernatant, leaving about 135 μL in the tube.
- 8. Add 5 μ L of EV Neuro Detection Reagent CD9, CD63, or CD81 or 15 μ L of detection cocktail to each tube and mix by pipetting up and down.

- 9. Incubate tubes for 1 hour at room temperature protected from light using a MACSmix Tube Rotator on permanent run (12 rpm) or an orbital shaker (450 rpm).
- 10. Add 500 μL of MACSPlex Buffer to each tube.
- 11. Centrifuge at room temperature at 3000×g for 5 minutes.
- 12. Carefully aspirate 500 μL of the supernatant, leaving about 150 μL in the tube.
- 13. Add 500 μL of MACSPlex Buffer to each tube.
- 14. Incubate tubes for 15 minutes at room temperature protected from light using a MACSmix Tube Rotator on permanent run (12 rpm) or an orbital shaker (450 rpm).
- 15. Centrifuge at room temperature at 3000×g for 5 minutes.
- 16. Carefully aspirate 500 μL of the supernatant, leaving about 150 μL in the tube.
- 17. Resupend MACSPlex EV Neuro Capture Beads by pipetting up and down and transfer the samples to a 96-well round bottom plate.

3. Flow cytometer setup

The kit includes MACSPlex EV Neuro Setup Beads for setup of flow cytometers.

3.1 Setup of the MACSQuant Instrument

Calibrate the MACSQuant Analyzer using MACSQuant Calibration Beads (# 130-093-607). For details, refer to the data sheet of the MACSQuant Calibration Beads.

After successful finishing of the calibration, the MACSQuant Instrument is ready for measurement. All necessary setup steps are performed automatically during calibration. When running an acquisition on the MACSQuant Analyzer, MACSQuant Analyzer 10, or MACSQuant Analyzer 16, it is recommended to first use MACSPlex EV Neuro Setup Beads to ensure proper recognition of all bead populations.

▲ The kit is not suitable for use with the MACSQuant VYB.

3.2 Setup of other flow cytometers and data acquisition

The analysis of the MACSPlex EV Kit Neuro requires a flow cytometer with blue (e.g. 488 nm) and red (e.g. 640 nm) lasers, which are capable of detecting FITC, PE, and APC. MACSPlex EV Neuro Setup Beads are included in the kit for setting up these instruments.

For details refer to the application note "General instructions for data aquisition und analysis with the MACSPlex EV Kit Neuro" available at www.miltenyibiotec.com/130-122-211.

4. Flow cytometric data analysis

4.1 Calculation of relative qualification of EV surface markers

The analysis results in a table listing the median signal intensity for all EV surface markers. The data analysis consists of the following steps:

- Background subtraction
- Optional (steps 3-4):

Data normalization (Calculation of normalization factor and normalization of detected signals)

▲ Note: MACSPlex data sets can be normalized if samples with considerably different amounts of EVs have been used. High signals might outperform lower signals detected in a sample with less EVs. Thereby, comparing the marker profiles can be hampered. Normalizing the signal intensities, e.g., according to the signals for the tetraspanin markers CD9, CD63, and CD81 can ease the comparison of such profiles by adapting the different signal ranges (steps 3–4).

- Determination of relative EV surface marker levels
- 1. Subtract the median signal intensity of each bead obtained from the control sample (buffer only) from the signal intensities of the respective beads incubated with the sample.

▲ Note: Negative signal intensities can occur due to variation of background signals. It is recommended to mark these signals as non detected.

2. Repeat step 1 for all samples to be analyzed. Then either follow optional steps for data normalization or proceed directly to step 5.

(Optional) Calculation of normalization factor:

For each sample calculate the median signal intensity of the signals detected for the MACSPlex EV Neuro Capture Beads CD9, CD63, and CD81. Use the mean of the median signal intensity of the

MACSPlex EV Neuro Capture Beads CD9, CD63, and CD81 as the normalization factor for each sample.

▲ Note: When isolating with MicroBeads consider that the respective marker will be blocked, affecting the signal intensity on the MACSPlex EV Neuro Capture Beads. The signal intensity of that specific marker cannot be used for normalization (steps 3–4).

(Optional) Normalization of detected signals:

Divide the signal intensities of all beads by the normalization factor of the respective sample. The mean of the MACSPlex EV Neuro Capture Beads is thereby set to 1 or 100%.

3. Determine the relative EV marker level by calculating the ratio of the signal intensities of each of the two samples to be compared.

5. Performance

The assay sensitivity, specificity, and reproducibility of the MACSPlex EV Kit Neuro was tested on EVs from cell culture supernatant of different cell lines.

Troubleshooting

6. Troubleshooting

The following section offers solutions for problems that might be encountered when using the MACSPlex EV Kit Neuro.

Variation between replicate samples:

MACSPlex EV Neuro Capture Beads can settle down. Vortex the MACSPlex EV Neuro Capture Beads briefly at the latest after pipetting of four samples.

Low counts in samples:

Mix MACSPlex EV Neuro Capture Beads sufficiently before pipetting. Ensure that the instrument is calibrated for the relevant 96-well plate to avoid aspiration of air. Avoid aspiration of beads during washing steps. Do not wash or resuspend beads in volumes higher than recommended. Make sure to centrifuge the samples at $3000 \times g$ when working with 1.5 mL reagent tubes.

Not all expected populations are detected:

At least one population could not be detected. Check the liquid level in the wells before starting the measurement. MACSPlex EV Neuro Capture Beads can settle down. Vortex MACSPlex EV Neuro Capture Beads briefly at the latest after pipetting of samples. Mix MACSPlex EV Neuro Capture Beads sufficiently before pipetting. Avoid aspiration of beads during washing steps. Do not wash or resuspend beads in volumes higher than recommended. Make sure to centrifuge the samples at $3000 \times g$ when working with 1.5 mL reagent tubes. EVs comprise several surface epitopes and one EV can bind to more than one bead. Thereby, two or more beads can be crosslinked via one or more EVs. High EV concentrations increase the likelihood of such crosslinking events and the most prominent surface markers will preferentially link the respective beads. Only single beads are used for data acquisition and doublets or aggregates are excluded. For prominent surface markers the number of single beads can drop in case of high EV concentrations. It is recommended to repeat the experiment with diluted EV samples $(4-20 \ \mu g \ protein \ diluted \ in 120 \ \mu L \ of MACSPlex \ Buffer)$. Data files have to be analyzed manually. Refer to the application note "General instructions for data aquisition und analysis with the MACSPlex Exosome Kit" available at www.miltenyibiotec.com/130-122-211.

Low counts for some bead populations:

EVs comprise several surface epitopes and one EV can bind to more than one bead. Thereby, two or more beads can be crosslinked via one or more EVs. High EV concentrations increase the likelihood of such crosslinking events and the most prominent surface markers will preferentially link the respective beads. Only single beads are used for data acquisition and doublets or aggregates are excluded. For prominent surface markers the number of single beads can drop in case of high EV concentrations. It is recommended to repeat the experiment with diluted EV samples (4–20 μ g protein diluted in 120 μ L of MACSPlex Buffer).

• High background in buffer control sample:

Antibodies can stick non-specifically to MACSPlex EV Neuro Capture Beads. Sufficient washing is required to avoid increased background signal intensities.

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• High background on isotype control:

High concentration of EVs or contaminations, e.g., from cell culture medium can give rise to non-specific binding of EVs to the beads. It is recommended to repeat the experiment with diluted EV samples or to try isolated EVs instead of cell culture supernatant.

• Little or no detection of EVs in sample:

When isolating with MiroBeads consider that the respective marker will be blocked, affecting the signal intensity on the MACSPlex EV Neuro Capture Beads. Signal intensities on the MACSPlex EV Neuro Capture Beads mainly depend on the EV concentration. Low signal intensities can be indicative for low EV concentration. Concentrating the EVs, e.g., by isolation from larger volumes or extended culture times to increase EV yield could improve signal intensities. Prolonged incubation times, e.g., overnight usually enhances EV binding and can be used to improve signal intensities. Fluorescent dyes are susceptible to photo bleaching. Avoid prolonged exposure of the fluorescent sample to direct light. Make sure to mix the samples with the reagents during incubation. MACSPlex EV Neuro Capture Beads tend to sediment and EVs binding might be insufficient.

Beads not in region or gate:

Ensure proper calibration of the MACSQuant Instrument. It is recommended to use the MACSPlex EV Neuro Setup Beads and to control proper recognition of all bead populations. Instead of an EV sample, 150 μL of MACSPlex EV Neuro Setup Beads can be used to control proper bead recognition. Samples containing organic solvents or samples of high viscosity should be diluted or dialyzed, respectively.

• High variation in samples:

Pipette may not be calibrated. Washing was not uniform. Samples may have contained high particulate matter or other interfering substances. Plate agitation was insufficient. Cross-well contamination could have happened. Change pipette tips for each well when touching the reagent.

Refer to **www.miltenyibiotec.com** for all data sheets and protocols. Miltenyi Biotec provides technical support worldwide. Visit www.miltenyibiotec.com for local Miltenyi Biotec Technical Support contact information.

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