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1. Description

Components	1 vial CD138 MicroBeads, human – lyophilized: MicroBeads conjugated to monoclonal anti-human CD138 antibodies (isotype: mouse IgG1). 2 mL Reconstitution Buffer
Capacity	For 2×10^9 total cells.
Product format	Lyophilized MicroBeads. Reconstitution Buffer contains stabilizer and 0.05% sodium azide.
Storage	Store protected from light at $2-8^\circ\text{C}$. Do not freeze. The expiration date is indicated on the vial label. For information about reconstitution of the lyophilized MicroBeads and storage after reconstitution refer to chapter 2.1.

1.1 Principle of the MACS® Separation

First, the CD138⁺ cells are magnetically labeled with CD138 MicroBeads. Then, the cell suspension is loaded onto a MACS® Column, which is placed in the magnetic field of a MACS Separator. The magnetically labeled CD138⁺ cells are retained within the column. The unlabeled cells run through; this cell fraction is thus depleted of CD138⁺ cells. After removing the column from the magnetic field, the magnetically retained CD138⁺ cells can be eluted as the positively selected cell fraction.

1.2 Background information

CD138 MicroBeads have been developed for the isolation of plasma cells from human peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMCs), bone marrow, or lymphoid tissue.

CD138, also known as syndecan-1, is expressed on normal and malignant human plasma cells and commonly used as a universal

marker for their identification.¹ CD138 is also expressed on basolateral surfaces of endothelial cells, embryonic mesenchymal cells, vascular smooth muscle cells, and neural cells.^{2,3}

1.3 Applications

- Isolation or depletion of plasma cells from PBMCs, bone marrow, leukapheresis harvests, or single-cell suspensions from lymphoid tissue, for phenotypical and functional characterization, for example, by flow cytometric analysis, molecular biology studies such as PCR, microarrays, or protein analysis.
- Positive selection or depletion of malignant plasma cells from bone marrow of patients with multiple myeloma.
- Positive selection and subsequent solid phase intracellular staining of normal and malignant plasma cells with the Inside Stain Kit, for example, for kappa or lambda light chains of immunoglobulins.

1.4 Reagent and instrument requirements

- **Buffer:** Prepare a solution containing phosphate-buffered saline (PBS), pH 7.2, 0.5% bovine serum albumin (BSA), and 2 mM EDTA by diluting MACS BSA Stock Solution (# 130-091-376) 1:20 with autoMACS® Rinsing Solution (# 130-091-222). Keep buffer cold ($2-8^\circ\text{C}$). Degas buffer before use, as air bubbles could block the column.

▲ **Note:** EDTA can be replaced by other supplements such as anticoagulant citrate dextrose formula-A (ACD-A) or citrate phosphate dextrose (CPD). BSA can be replaced by other proteins such as gelatine, human serum, or fetal bovine serum (FBS). Buffers or media containing Ca^{2+} or Mg^{2+} are not recommended for use.

- **MACS Columns and MACS Separators:** CD138⁺ cells can be enriched by using MS, LS, or XS Columns or depleted with the use of LD, CS, or D Columns. Cells that strongly express the CD138 antigen can also be depleted using MS, LS, or XS Columns. Positive selection or depletion can also be performed by using the autoMACS Pro or the autoMACS Separator.

Column	Max. number of labeled cells	Max. number of total cells	Separator
Positive selection			
MS	10^7	2×10^8	MiniMACS, OctoMACS, VarioMACS, SuperMACS II
LS	10^8	2×10^9	MidiMACS, QuadroMACS, VarioMACS, SuperMACS II
XS	10^9	2×10^{10}	SuperMACS II
Depletion			
LD	10^8	5×10^8	MidiMACS, QuadroMACS, VarioMACS, SuperMACS II
CS	2×10^8		VarioMACS, SuperMACS II
D	10^9		SuperMACS II
Positive selection or depletion			
autoMACS	2×10^8	4×10^9	autoMACS Pro, autoMACS

▲ **Note:** Column adapters are required to insert certain columns into the VarioMACS™ or SuperMACS™ II Separators. For details refer to the respective MACS Separator data sheet.

- (Optional) Fluorochrome-conjugated CD138 antibodies for flow cytometric analysis, e.g., CD138-PE (# 130-081-301) or CD19PE (# 130-091-247). For more information about antibodies refer to www.miltenyibiotec.com/antibodies.
- (Optional) Propidium Iodide Solution (# 130-093-233) or 7-AAD for flow cytometric exclusion of dead cells.
- (Optional) Dead Cell Removal Kit (# 130-090-101) for the depletion of dead cells.
- (Optional) Pre-Separation Filters, 30 µm (# 130-041-407) to remove cell clumps.

2. Protocol

2.1 Reconstitution of MicroBeads

Reconstitute the lyophilized MicroBeads by adding all Reconstitution Buffer to the vial. Mix by pipetting up and down until resuspended. After reconstitution the MicroBeads are stable for 9 months at 2–8 °C. Write the new expiration date after reconstitution on the vial label.

2.2 Sample preparation

When working with anticoagulated peripheral blood or buffy coat, peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMCs) should be isolated by density gradient centrifugation, for example, using Ficoll-Paque™.

▲ **Note:** To remove platelets after density gradient separation, resuspend cell pellet in buffer and centrifuge at 200×g for 10–15 minutes at 20 °C. Carefully aspirate supernatant. Repeat washing step.

When working with tissues or lysed blood, prepare a single-cell suspension using standard methods.

For details refer to the protocols section at www.miltenyibiotec.com/protocols.

▲ Dead cells may bind non-specifically to MACS MicroBeads. To remove dead cells, we recommend using density gradient centrifugation or the Dead Cell Removal Kit (# 130-090-101).



2.3 Magnetic labeling

▲ Work fast, keep cells cold, and use pre-cooled solutions. This will prevent capping of antibodies on the cell surface and non-specific cell labeling.

▲ Volumes for magnetic labeling given below are for up to 2×10^7 total cells. When working with fewer than 2×10^7 cells, use the same volumes as indicated. When working with higher cell numbers, scale up all reagent volumes and total volumes accordingly (e.g. for 4×10^7 total cells, use twice the volume of all indicated reagent volumes and total volumes).

▲ For optimal performance it is important to obtain a single-cell suspension before magnetic labeling. Pass cells through 30 µm nylon mesh (Pre-Separation Filters, 30 µm # 130-041-407) to remove cell clumps which may clog the column. Moisten filter with buffer before use.

▲ The recommended incubation temperature is 2–8 °C. Higher temperatures and/or longer incubation times may lead to non-

specific cell labeling. Working on ice may require increased incubation times.

1. Determine cell number.
2. Centrifuge cell suspension at 300×g for 10 minutes. Aspirate supernatant completely.
3. Resuspend cell pellet in 80 µL of buffer per 2×10^7 total cells.
4. Add 20 µL of CD138 MicroBeads per 2×10^7 total cells.
5. Mix well and incubate for 15 minutes in the refrigerator (2–8 °C).
6. (Optional) Add staining antibodies, e.g., 10 µL of CD138-PE (# 130-081-301), and incubate for 5 minutes in the dark in the refrigerator (2–8 °C).
7. Wash cells by adding 1–2 mL of buffer per 2×10^7 cells and centrifuge at 300×g for 10 minutes. Aspirate supernatant completely.
8. Resuspend up to 10^8 cells in 500 µL of buffer.
▲ **Note:** For higher cell numbers, scale up buffer volume accordingly.
▲ **Note:** For depletion with LD Columns, resuspend up to 1.25×10^8 cells in 500 µL of buffer.
9. Proceed to magnetic separation (2.3).



2.4 Magnetic separation

▲ Choose an appropriate MACS Column and MACS Separator according to the number of total cells and the number of CD138⁺ cells. For details refer to the table in section 1.4.

▲ Always wait until the column reservoir is empty before proceeding to the next step.

▲ The binding capacities of the columns mentioned in the separation protocols represent guidelines. Due to the large size of myeloma cells in individual cases the maximal binding capacity of the columns may be decreased (e.g. 3-fold decreased for cells of the cell line U266).

Magnetic separation with MS or LS Columns

1. Place column in the magnetic field of a suitable MACS Separator. For details refer to the respective MACS Column data sheet.
2. Prepare column by rinsing with the appropriate amount of buffer:
MS: 500 µL LS: 3 mL
3. Apply cell suspension onto the column. Collect flow-through containing unlabeled cells.
4. Wash column with the appropriate amount of buffer. Collect unlabeled cells that pass through and combine with the flow-through from step 3.

MS: 3×500 µL LS: 3×3 mL

▲ **Note:** Perform washing steps by adding buffer aliquots only when the column reservoir is empty.

5. Remove column from the separator and place it on a suitable collection tube.

- Pipette the appropriate amount of buffer onto the column. Immediately flush out the magnetically labeled cells by firmly pushing the plunger into the column.

MS: 1 mL

LS: 5 mL

- (Optional) To increase the purity of CD138⁺ cells, the eluted fraction can be enriched over a second MS or LS Column. Repeat the magnetic separation procedure as described in steps 1 to 6 by using a new column.

Magnetic separation with XS Columns

For instructions on the column assembly and the separation refer to the XS Column data sheet.

Depletion with LD Columns

- Place LD Column in the magnetic field of a suitable MACS Separator. For details refer to the LD Column data sheet.
- Prepare column by rinsing with 2 mL of buffer.
- Apply cell suspension onto the column.
- Collect unlabeled cells that pass through and wash column with 2×1 mL of buffer. Collect total flow-through; this is the unlabeled cell fraction. Perform washing steps by adding buffer two times. Only add new buffer when the column reservoir is empty.

Depletion with CS Columns

- Assemble CS Column and place it in the magnetic field of a suitable MACS Separator. For details refer to the CS Column data sheet.
- Prepare column by filling and rinsing with 60 mL of buffer. Attach a 22G flow resistor to the 3-way stopcock of the assembled column. For details refer to the CS Column data sheet.
- Apply cell suspension onto the column.
- Collect unlabeled cells that pass through and wash column with 30 mL buffer from the top. Collect total flow-through; this is the unlabeled cell fraction.

Depletion with D Columns

For instructions on column assembly and separation refer to the D Column data sheet.

Magnetic separation with the autoMACS® Pro Separator or the autoMACS® Separator

- ▲ Refer to the respective user manual for instructions on how to use the autoMACS® Pro Separator or the autoMACS Separator.
- ▲ Buffers used for operating the autoMACS Pro Separator or the autoMACS Separator should have a temperature of $\geq 10^{\circ}\text{C}$.
- ▲ Program choice depends on the isolation strategy, the strength of magnetic labeling, and the frequency of magnetically labeled cells. For details refer to the section describing the cell separation programs in the respective user manual.

Magnetic separation with the autoMACS® Pro Separator

- Prepare and prime the instrument.

- Apply tube containing the sample and provide tubes for collecting the labeled and unlabeled cell fractions. Place sample tube in row A of the tube rack and the fraction collection tubes in rows B and C.
- For a standard separation choose one of the following programs:

Positive selection: Possel

Collect positive fraction in row C of the tube rack.

Depletion: Depletes

Collect negative fraction in row B of the tube rack.

Magnetic separation with the autoMACS® Separator

- Prepare and prime the instrument.
- Apply tube containing the sample and provide tubes for collecting the labeled and unlabeled cell fractions. Place sample tube at the uptake port and the fraction collection tubes at port neg1 and port pos1.
- For a standard separation choose one of the following programs:

Positive selection: Possel

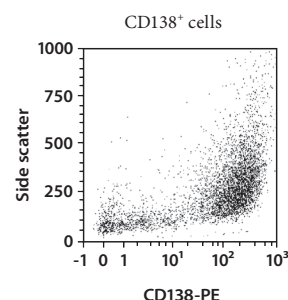
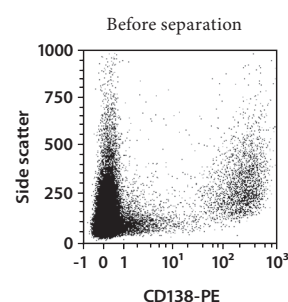
Collect positive fraction from outlet port pos1.

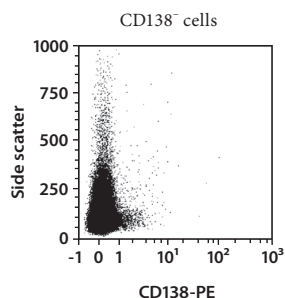
Depletion: Depletes

Collect negative fraction from outlet port neg1.

3. Example of a separation using CD138 MicroBeads

CD138 MicroBeads were reconstituted as described in 2.1. Cells were isolated from human PBMCs spiked with U266 cells using CD138 MicroBeads, an MS Column, and a MiniMACS™ Separator. Cells were fluorescently stained with CD138-PE (# 130-081-248) and analyzed by flow cytometry using the MACSQuant® Analyzer. Cell debris and dead cells were excluded from the analysis based on scatter signals and propidium iodide fluorescence.





4. References

1. Bataille, R. *et al.* (2006) The phenotype of normal, reactive and malignant plasma cells. Identification of “many and multiple myelomas” and of new targets for myeloma therapy. *Haematologica* 91: 1234–1240.
2. Bernfield, M. *et al.* (1992) Biology of the syndecans: a family of transmembrane heparan sulfate proteoglycans. *Annu. Rev. Cell Biol.* 8: 365–393.
3. Couchman, J. R. and Woods, A. (1996) Syndecans, signaling, and cell adhesion. *J. Cell. Biochem.* 61: 578–584.

Refer to www.miltenyibiotec.com for all data sheets and protocols. Miltenyi Biotec provides technical support worldwide. Visit www.miltenyibiotec.com/local to find your nearest Miltenyi Biotec contact.

Warnings

Reagents contain sodium azide. Under acidic conditions sodium azide yields hydrazoic acid, which is extremely toxic. Azide compounds should be diluted with running water before discarding. These precautions are recommended to avoid deposits in plumbing where explosive conditions may develop.

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