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Warnings

Reagents contain sodium azide. Under acidic conditions sodium azide yields hydrazoic acid, which is extremely toxic. Azide compounds should be diluted with running water before discarding. These precautions are recommended to avoid deposits in plumbing where explosive conditions may develop.

1. Description

This product is for research use only.

Components0.2 mL CD137-PE, human:
monoclonal CD137 antibody conjugated to
R-phycoerythrin (PE) (isotype: mouse IgG1).2 mL Anti-PE MicroBeads:
MicroBeads conjugated to monoclonal anti-PE

MicroBeads conjugated to monoclonal anti-PE antibodies.

- **Capacity** For 10⁹ total cells, up to 100 separations.
- **Product format** All reagents are supplied in buffer containing stabilizer and 0.05% sodium azide.
- StorageStore protected from light at 2–8 °C. Do not freeze.The expiration date is indicated on the vial label.

1.1 Principle of the MACS® Separation

First, the CD137⁺ cells are indirectly magnetically labeled with CD137-PE and Anti-PE MicroBeads. Then, the cell suspension is loaded onto a MACS^{*} Column, which is placed in the magnetic field of a MACS Separator. The magnetically labeled CD137⁺ cells are retained within the column. The unlabeled cells run through; this cell fraction is thus depleted of CD137⁺ cells. After removing the column from the magnetic field, the magnetically retained CD137⁺ cells can be eluted as the positively selected cell fraction.

CD137 MicroBead Kit human

Order no. 130-093-476

1.2 Background information

The activation-induced antigen CD137 (4-1BB) is a 30 kDa glycoprotein of the tumor necrosis factor (TNF) receptor superfamily. It is mainly expressed on activated $CD4^+$ and $CD8^+$ T cells, activated B cells, and natural killer cells, but can also be found on resting monocytes and dendritic cells.

As a costimulatory molecule, CD137 is involved in the activation and survival of CD4, CD8, and NK cells. Its engagement enhances expansion of T cells and activates them to secrete cytokines.

CD137 has been described to be a suitable marker for antigenspecific activation of human CD8⁺ T cells, as CD137 is not expressed on resting CD8⁺ T cells and its expression is reliably induced after 24 hours of stimulation.^{1,2}

1.3 Applications

- Enrichment of CD137⁺ T cells for phenotypical and functional characterization.
- Enrichment of activated antigen-specific T cells after antigenspecific stimulation.

1.4 Reagent and instrument requirements

Buffer: Prepare a solution containing phosphate-buffered saline (PBS), pH 7.2, 0.5% bovine serum albumin (BSA), and 2 mM EDTA by diluting MACS* BSA Stock Solution (# 130-091-376) 1:20 with autoMACS* Rinsing Solution (# 130-091-222). Keep buffer cold (2–8 °C). Degas buffer before use, as air bubbles could block the column.

▲ Note: EDTA can be replaced by other supplements such as anticoagulant citrate dextrose formula-A (ACD-A) or citrate phosphate dextrose (CPD). BSA can be replaced by other proteins such as human serum albumin, human serum, or fetal bovine serum (FBS). Buffers or media containing Ca²⁺ or Mg²⁺ are not recommended for use.

 MACS Columns and MACS Separators: CD137⁺ cells can be enriched by using MS or LS Columns. Positive selection can also be performed by using the autoMACS Pro Separator.

Column	Max. number of labeled cells	Max. number of total cells	Separator		
Positive selection					
MS	10 ⁷	2×10 ⁸	MiniMACS, OctoMACS, VarioMACS, SuperMACS II		
LS	10 ⁸	2×10 ⁹	MidiMACS, QuadroMACS, VarioMACS, SuperMACS II		
autoMACS	2×10 ⁸	4×10 ⁹	autoMACS Pro		

▲ Note: Column adapters are required to insert certain columns into the VarioMACS[™] or SuperMACS[™] II Separators. For details refer to the respective MACS Separator data sheet.

 (Optional) Fluorochrome-conjugated antibodies for flow cytometric analysis, e.g., CD8-FITC or CD8-APC. For more information about antibodies refer to www.miltenyibiotec.com/ antibodies.

- (Optional) Propidium Iodide Solution (# 130-093-233) or 7-AAD for flow cytometric exclusion of dead cells.
- (Optional) Stimulation reagents: CytoStim (# 130-092-172, # 130-092-173) as control reagent for T cell stimulation and, e.g., PepTivator – CMV pp65 (# 130-093-435, # 130-093-438) or the CMV pp65 – Recombinant Protein (# 130-091-823, # 130-091-824) for antigen-specific T cell stimulation. For more information about other antigens see www.miltenyibiotec.com.
- (Optional) Dead Cell Removal Kit (# 130-090-101) for the depletion of dead cells.
- (Optional) Pre-Separation Filters (30 μm) (# 130-041-407) to remove cell clumps.

2. Protocol

2.1 Sample preparation

When working with anticoagulated peripheral blood or buffy coat, peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMCs) should be isolated by density gradient centrifugation, for example, using Ficoll-Paque^{**}.

▲ Note: To remove platelets after density gradient separation, resuspend cell pellet in buffer and centrifuge at 200×g for 10–15 minutes at 20 °C. Carefully aspirate supernatant. Repeat washing step.

For details refer to the protocols section at www.miltenyibiotec.com/ protocols.

When working with tissues, prepare a single-cell suspension using the gentleMACS[™] Dissociator.

For details refer to www.miltenyibiotec.com/gentlemacs.

▲ Dead cells may bind non-specifically to MACS MicroBeads. To remove dead cells, we recommend using density gradient centrifugation or the Dead Cell Removal Kit (# 130-090-101).

2.1.1 Protocol for *in vitro* stimulation for induction of CD137 expression

▲ Always include a negative control in the experiment. The sample should be treated exactly the same way as the stimulated sample, except for the addition of the stimulus.

▲ A positive control may also be included in the experiment, such as a sample stimulated with CytoStim (# 130-092-172).

▲ Do not use media containing any non-human proteins, such as BSA or FCS, because of non-specific stimulation.

- 1. Wash cells by adding cell culture medium, centrifuge at 300×g for 10 minutes. Aspirate supernatant completely.
- 2. Resuspend cells at a density of 10^7 cells/mL in culture medium containing 5% human serum. Plate cells in dishes at a density of 5×10^6 cells/cm² (see Appendix).
- Add an antigen or control reagent in the appropriate concentration, for example, PepTivator – CMV pp65 (# 130-093-435, # 130-093-438).
- 4. Incubate cells overnight with antigen and an appropriate control, e.g., CytoStim, at 37 $^{\rm o}{\rm C}$ and 5% ${\rm CO}_2.$

▲ Note: Stimulation for 4–6 hours with CytoStim is sufficient to induce CD137 expression. For antigen-specific stimulation an overnight incubation is recommended.

5. Collect cells carefully by pipetting up and down when working with smaller volumes. Rinse the dish with cold buffer. Check microscopically for any remaining cells. If necessary, rinse the dish again.

2.2 Magnetic labeling

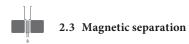
▲ Work fast, keep cells cold, and use pre-cooled solutions. This will prevent capping of antibodies on the cell surface and non-specific cell labeling.

▲ Volumes for magnetic labeling given below are for up to 10^7 total cells. When working with fewer than 10^7 cells, use the same volumes as indicated. When working with higher cell numbers, scale up all reagent volumes and total volumes accordingly (e.g. for 2×10^7 total cells, use twice the volume of all indicated reagent volumes and total volumes).

▲ For optimal performance it is important to obtain a single-cell suspension before magnetic labeling. Pass cells through 30 μ m nylon mesh (Pre-Separation Filters (30 μ m), # 130-041-407) to remove cell clumps which may clog the column. Moisten filter with buffer before use.

▲ The recommended incubation temperature is 2–8 °C. Higher temperatures and/or longer incubation times may lead to non-specific cell labeling. Working on ice may require increased incubation times.

- 1. Determine cell number.
- 2. Centrifuge cell suspension at 300×g for 10 minutes. Aspirate supernatant completely.
- 3. Resuspend cell pellet in 48 μ L of buffer per 10⁷ total cells.
- 4. Add 2 μ L of CD137-PEper 10⁷ total cells.
- 5. Mix well and incubate for 10 minutes in the refrigerator (2–8 $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}).$
- 6. (Optional) Add staining antibodies and incubate according to manufacturer's recommendations.
- Wash cells by adding 0.5–1 mL of buffer per 10⁷ cells and centrifuge at 300×g for 10 minutes. Aspirate supernatant completely.
- 8. Resuspend cell pellet in 80 μL of buffer per 10^7 total cells.
- 9. Add 20 μ L of Anti-PE MicroBeads per 10⁷ total cells.
- 10. Mix well and incubate for 15 minutes in the refrigerator (2–8 $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}).$
- 11. Wash cells by adding 1-2 mL of buffer per 10^7 cells and centrifuge at $300 \times \text{g}$ for 10 minutes. Aspirate supernatant completely.
- Resuspend up to 10⁸ cells in 500 µL of buffer.
 ▲ Note: For higher cell numbers, scale up buffer volume accordingly.
- 13. Proceed to magnetic separation (2.3).



▲ Choose an appropriate MACS Column and MACS Separator according to the number of total cells and the number of CD137⁺ cells. For details refer to the table in section 1.4.

▲ Always wait until the column reservoir is empty before proceeding to the next step.

Magnetic separation with MS or LS Columns

- 1. Place column in the magnetic field of a suitable MACS Separator. For details refer to the respective MACS Column data sheet.
- 2. Prepare column by rinsing with the appropriate amount of buffer:

MS: 500 μL LS: 3 mL

- 3. Apply cell suspension onto the column. Collect flow-through containing unlabeled cells.
- 4. Wash column with the appropriate amount of buffer. Collect unlabeled cells that pass through and combine with the flow-through from step 3.

MS: 3×500 μL LS: 3×3 mL

▲ Note: Perform washing steps by adding buffer aliquots as soon as the column reservoir is empty.

- 5. Remove column from the separator and place it on a suitable collection tube.
- 6. Pipette the appropriate amount of buffer onto the column. Immediately flush out the magnetically labeled cells by firmly pushing the plunger into the column.

MS: 1 mL LS: 5 mL

 (Optional) To increase the purity of CD137⁺ cells, the eluted fraction can be enriched over a second MS or LS Column. Repeat the magnetic separation procedure as described in steps 1 to 6 by using a new column.

Magnetic separation with the autoMACS® Pro Separator

▲ Refer to the respective user manual for instructions on how to use the autoMACS[®] Pro Separator.

▲ Buffers used for operating the autoMACS Pro Separator should have a temperature of \geq 10 °C.

- 1. Prepare and prime the instrument.
- 2. Apply tube containing the sample and provide tubes for collecting the labeled and unlabeled cell fractions. Place sample tube in row A of the tube rack and the fraction collection tubes in rows B and C.
- 3. For a standard separation choose one of the following programs:

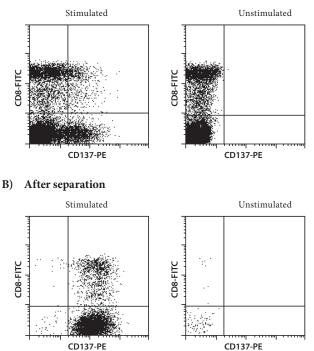
Positive selection: Posselds

Collect positive fraction in row C of the tube rack.

3. Example of a separation using the CD137 MicroBead Kit

CD137⁺ cells were isolated from human PBMCs of a CMV⁺ donor using the CD137 MicroBead Kit, two MS Columns, and a MiniMACS[™] Separator. PBMCs were incubated overnight with and without a CMV pp65 peptide pool (PepTivator – CMV pp65, # 130-093-435). Subsequently, cells were labeled with CD137-PE and Anti-PE MicroBeads and magnetically separated. Cell fractions are additionally fluorescently stained with CD8-FITC. Cell debris and dead cells were excluded from the analysis based on scatter signals and propidium iodide fluorescence.

A) Before separation



4. References

- Wehler, T. C. *et al.* (2007) Targeting the activation-induced antigen CD137 can selectively deplete alloreactive T cells from antileukemic and antitumor donor T-cell lines. Blood 109(1): 365–373.
- Wolfl, M. et al. (2007) Activation-induced expression of CD137 permits detection, isolation, and expansion of the full repertoire of CD8⁺ T cells responding to antigen without requiring knowledge of epitope specificities. Blood 110(1): 201–210:

5. Appendix: Flask and dish sizes for *in vitro* stimulation of PBMCs

For *in vitro* stimulation of PBMCs (see 2.1.1) the cells should be resuspended in culture medium, containing 5% of human serum, at a dilution of 10^7 cells/mL. The cells should be plated at a density of 5×10^6 cells/cm². Both the dilution and the cell density are important to assure optimum stimulation.

The following table lists culture plate, dish and flask sizes suitable for different cell numbers. It also indicates the appropriate amount of medium to add.

Medium volume to add	Culture plate	Well diameter
0.15 mL	96 well	0.64 cm
0.5 mL	48 well	1.13 cm
1.0 mL	24 well	1.60 cm
2.0 mL	12 well	2.26 cm
5.0 mL	6 well	3.50 cm
Medium volume to add	Culture dish	Dish diameter
4.5 mL	small	3.5 cm
10 mL	medium	6 cm
25 mL	large	10 cm
50 mL	extra large	15 cm
Medium volume to add	Culture flask	Growth area
12 mL	50 mL	25 cm ²
40 mL	250 mL	75 cm ²
80 mL	720 mL	162 cm ²
120 mL	900 mL	225 cm ²
	to add 0.15 mL 0.5 mL 1.0 mL 2.0 mL 5.0 mL 4.5 mL 10 mL 25 mL 50 mL 50 mL 110 mL 12 mL 40 mL 40 mL	to add 0.15 mL 96 well 0.5 mL 48 well 1.0 mL 24 well 1.0 mL 12 well 5.0 mL 6 well Kedium volume Culture dish 4.5 mL small 10 mL medium 50 mL large 50 mL culture flask for add 50 mL 12 mL 50 mL 40 mL 250 mL

Refer to **www.miltenyibiotec.com** for all data sheets and protocols. Miltenyi Biotec provides technical support worldwide. Visit www.miltenyibiotec.com/local to find your nearest Miltenyi Biotec contact.

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