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## Warnings

Reagents contain sodium azide. Under acidic conditions sodium azide yields hydrazoic acid, which is extremely toxic. Azide compounds should be diluted with running water before discarding. These precautions are recommended to avoid deposits in plumbing where explosive conditions may develop.

## 1. Description

#### This product is for research use only.

Components	Annexin V conjugated to:

	Conjugate	Order no. 200 μL (100 tests)	Order no. 60 µL (30 tests)	
	PE	130-118-363	130-118-499	
Capacity	200 $\mu$ L: 100 tests or up to 10 <sup>8</sup> total cells 60 $\mu$ L: 30 tests or up to 3×10 <sup>7</sup> total cells.			
Product format	Annexin V conjugates are supplied in buffer containing stabilizer and 0.05% sodium azide.			
Storage	Store protected from light at 2–8 °C. Do not freeze. The expiration date is indicated on the vial label.			

#### 1.1 Background information

In most normal, viable eukaryotic cells, the negatively charged phospholipid phosphatidylserine (PS) is located in the cytosolic leaflet of the plasma membrane lipid bilayer.<sup>1</sup> PS redistribution from the inner to the outer leaflet is an early and widespread event during apoptosis.<sup>1,2</sup> However, in necrosis, PS becomes accessible due to the disruption of membrane integrity.<sup>2</sup> Apart from necrosis and apoptosis, PS also becomes accessible in activated platelets<sup>3</sup>, in certain cell anomalies such as sickle cell anemia<sup>4</sup>, in erythrocyte senescence<sup>5</sup>, upon degranulation of mast cells<sup>6</sup>, and in certain stages of B cell differentiation<sup>7</sup>. PS exposure also serves as a trigger for the recognition and removal of apoptotic cells by macrophages.<sup>8,9</sup>

# Annexin V

Annexin V is a 36 kDa phospholipid-binding protein and has a high affinity to PS in the presence of physiological concentrations of calcium (Ca<sup>2+</sup>).<sup>10</sup>

MACS® Annexin V fluorochrome and biotin conjugates have been developed for the detection and discrimination of apoptotic and dead cells. Apoptotic cells, which are otherwise undetectable by staining with propidium iodide (PI) or 4',6-diamidino-2phenylindole (DAPI), can be directly detected through their staining with fluorochrome-conjugated Annexin V. Dead cells are stained with both Annexin V and PI or DAPI, whereas viable cells cannot be stained with either.

#### Staining procedure



#### 1.2 Applications

- Studies on cell death (apoptotis and/or necrosis).
- Evaluation of MACS Separations with the Annexin V MicroBead Kit (# 130-090-201) and the Dead Cell Removal Kit (# 130-090-101).

#### 1.3 Reagent requirements

- Buffer: Prepare 1× Annexin V Binding Buffer from the Annexin V Binding Buffer 20× Stock Solution (# 130-092-820): For 10<sup>6</sup> total cells, dilute 500 µL of the Annexin V Binding Buffer (20× Stock Solution) with 9.5 mL of sterile, distilled water. Alternatively, prepare 1× Annexin V Binding Buffer by diluting 25 mL of the 20× Stock Solution with 475 mL of sterile, distilled water. Store at 2-8 °C.
  - ▲ Note: Handle under sterile conditions

 (Optional) Propidium Iodide Solution (# 130-093-233), DAPI Staining Solution (# 130-111-570), or 7-AAD Staining Solution (# 130-111-568) for flow cytometric exclusion of dead cells without cell fixation. For cell fixation and flow cytometric exclusion of dead cells, the Fixation and Dead Cell Discrimination Kit (# 130-091-163) is recommended.

#### 2. General protocol for immunofluorescent staining

▲ Volumes for fluorescent labeling given below are for **up to**  $10^6$  nucleated cells. When working with fewer than  $10^6$  cells, use the same volumes as indicated. When working with higher cell numbers, scale up all reagent volumes and total volumes, accordingly (e.g. for  $2 \times 10^6$  nucleated cells, use twice the volume of all indicated reagent volumes and total volumes).

▲ When working with cell samples containing platelets (e.g. blood samples), wash samples carefully at a low centrifugation speed  $(200\times g)$  in order to remove platelets. Use buffer containing the ion chelator EDTA for these washing steps. Finally, wash with Annexin V Binding Buffer to avoid chelation of Ca<sup>2+</sup> ions. Activated platelets expose PS and therefore bind Annexin V.<sup>5</sup>

- Wash 10<sup>6</sup> cells in 1 mL of 1× Annexin V Binding Buffer and centrifuge at 300×g for 10 minutes. Aspirate supernatant completely.
- 2. (Optional) Repeat washing step.
- 3. Resuspend  $10^6$  cells in 98 µL of 1× Annexin V Binding Buffer.
- 4. Add 2 µL of Annexin V conjugate.
- 5. Mix well and incubate for 15 minutes in the dark at room temperature.

▲ Note: Lower temperatures may require increased incubation times. Higher temperatures and/or longer incubation times may lead to non-specific cell labeling.

- Wash cells by adding 1 mL of 1× Annexin V Binding Buffer per 10<sup>6</sup> cells and centrifuge at 300×g for 10 minutes. Aspirate supernatant completely.
- 7. (Optional) Repeat washing step.
- 8. Resuspend cell pellet in 500  $\mu$ L of 1× Annexin V Binding Buffer per 10<sup>6</sup> total cells.
- (Optional) Add 1 μg/mL of Propidium Iodide Solution or 0.01 μg of DAPI Staining Solution immediately prior to analysis by flow cytometry or fluorescence microscopy.

## 3. Examples of immunofluorescent staining with Annexin V conjugates

Jurkat cells, cultured with staurosporine (50 nM) for 15 hours, were stained with Annexin V-PE followed by staining with DAPI and analyzed by flow cytometry using the MACSQuant<sup>®</sup> Analyzer.



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